HEREDITARY BREAST CANCER

What You Should Know



About 15% of people with breast cancer will have an inherited gene mutation that caused their cancer.



Genetic counseling and testing can tell you if you have an **inherited mutation**. Results of testing may make you eligible for certain types of treatment or clinical trials.



There are many genes that have been associated with hereditary breast cancer. Mutations in these genes can increase the risk for breast and other cancers. The risks vary by gene.

Genes associated with a very high risk for breast cancer include:

- BRCA1
- PTEN
- BRCA2
- STK11
- CDH1
- TP53
- PALB2

Genes associated with an intermediate risk for breast cancer include:

- ATM
- CHEK2
- BARD1
- RAD51C
- BRIP1
- RAD51D

increased risk for breast cancer in men include:

Genes associated with an

- BRCA1
- CHEK2
- BRCA2
- PALB2

*Each mutation has a varying level of risk



Results of genetic testing can help you and your relatives learn about your risks for future cancers and take steps to improve your health outcomes.



Experts also recommend that people with advanced breast cancer have tumor testing to look for abnormalities that may help guide cancer treatment.

